## 1 Schools

- 1.1 The Welsh Government have noted that they have protected the Local Government Grant in order to ensure a lower reduction in school budgets compared with other services. The implication presumably is that we would have seen a reduction greater than 4.4% had they not given us this protection.
- 1.2 Our approach towards this to date has been to continue to plan on the basis of what the Council would wish to do for schools then measuring that against the Welsh Government's proposals and consider whether there is a need to adjust anything in order to comply with the promise.
- 1.3 This rule means that there is a need to ensure that this year, schools receive an increase of +0.45%. As noted last year, this raises the basic question as to how logical it is for the Council to continue to deliver the Welsh Government's wishes when we will have to cut other services to pay for it. We do not know of course what the effect would be of not complying in terms of Welsh Government response and the response of the schools themselves.
- 1.4 The figures in the budget shown above (which include ensuring that schools receive the necessary increase in their budgets to meet inflation etc) along with other actions noted in this section, mean that we will fulfil this requirement this year.
- 1.5 Therefore, unlike other services, for the third year in a row, overall the schools budget will not face having to find savings in 2014/15 other than to face the usual adjustments that arise from the change in pupil numbers, with some schools benefiting and some losing out.
- 1.6 However in order to understand the overall context, it is important that the Cabinet is aware of what is happening with grants given to schools by the Welsh Government.
- 1.7 In 2014/15 Gwynedd schools will benefit nearly £900,000 due to increased deprivation grant that schools receive with about £520,000 going to the primary sector and about £374,000 going to the secondary sector. Of course the distribution to individual schools will depend on the number of children in individual schools eligible for free school meals and it must be used to improve results amongst children from less priveledged backgrounds.
- 1.8 However against this increase, the secondary sector will face a reduction of about £500,000 in post 16 and 14-19 network grant.
- 1.9 With a reduction of £840,810 in the budget due to a decrease in the number of children noted in paragraph 3.9 above, and these grant reductions, the

secondary sector is going to suffer substantially this year with the reduction approaching £1m.

- 1.10 In view of the unexpected grant reduction, the Schools Service is offering  $\pounds 160,000$  on a one off basis from its own resources in order to assist the sector to acclimatise to this reduction in grant.
- 1.11 However, if we look at the demographic position on its own, the reduction in the number of pupils means that one school will fall below 260 pupils (which is the number whereby there are real doubts on the ability of a school to deliver the curriculum) and therefore it is suggested that we need a protection scheme for the secondary sector whereby the budget of secondary schools that fall under 260 pupils is protected until it is possible to find a longer term solution for schools of this size.
- 1.12 However, with two other schools nearing the figure of 260 pupils, this underlines the need to ensure a long term solution to the problem. Such a plan would cost £27,580 in 2014/15.
- 1.13 Taking into account the Council's priority in its Strategic Plan of improving children and young persons' educational standards, there is a question as to whether we should go further and consider the funding balance between the primary sector (which will see an increase of nearly £1m in its overall budget) and the secondary sector (which will see a similar reduction in its budget even after taking the above steps into account).
- 1.14 It may be the case that time does not allow us to consider such a policy now, but we must be alive to the fact that whilst the secondary sector will have planned for the demographic reduction, finding ways of dealing with the total reduction is not going to do anything to help the sector concentrate on educational attainment.
- 1.15 I recommend that we assist the sector to acclimatise to the reduction by giving them more time to cope with the situation and add to the sum that the education service itself plans to use to assist, by using balances to make a one off contribution of a further £250,000.